

Section 3.3. Intercepts

How to find each intercept...

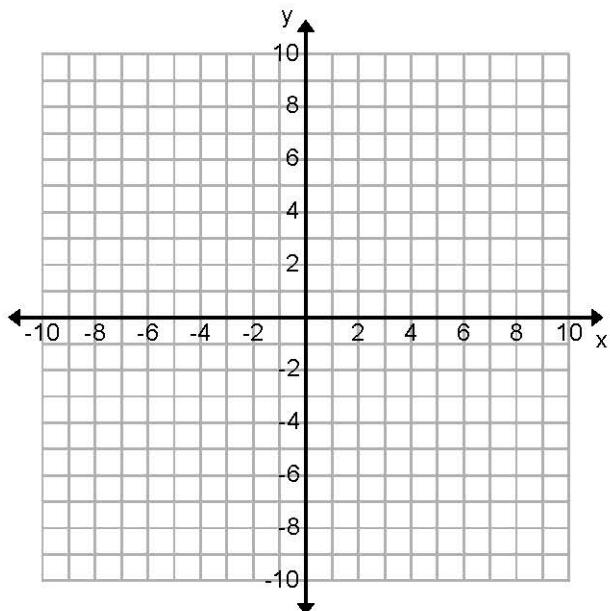
1. To find the y-intercept (where the line crosses the y-axis), substitute $x = 0$ and solve for y .
2. To find the x-intercept (where the line crosses the x-axis), substitute $y = 0$ and solve for x .

Graph the linear equations by locating the x-intercept and the y-intercept.

Example 5a: $3x - 7y = -21$

x-intercept _____

y-intercept _____



Example 5b: $3x + y = 9$

