

Function Notation

To denote that y is a function of x , we can write $y = f(x)$.

Instead of writing y , write $f(x)$, read " f for x ." This is function notation, where f is the name of the function. For example, the notation $f(4)$ means to replace x with 4 in the function.

Example 5: If $g(x) = 4x + 5$ and $f(x) = 3x^2 - x + 2$, find the following.

a. $g(0)$

b. $g(-5)$

c. $f(2)$

d. $f(-1)$

Example 6: If $f(x) = 2x + 7$, find the following.

a. $f(a)$

b. $f(x + h)$